

Bolsheviki Retake Simbirsk; Chase Force of Czechs

"Reds" Control Town on the Volga They Lost Early Last Month

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 14.—Bolshevik forces, according to urgent telegrams received here to-day from Moscow, are reported to have captured Simbirsk, on the River Volga, 195 miles southwest of Kazan, and their cavalry is now pursuing the counter revolutionary forces.

Czecho-Slovak forces wrested Simbirsk from the Bolsheviks early in August in their advance eastward along the line of the Transsiberian Railroad.

Only About Fifty Americans Are Left In Soviet Russia

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13 (delayed).—Events which immediately preceded the surrender of Entente Allied interests in Soviet Russia to the ministers of neutral countries were presented to the outside world chiefly through Bolshevik and German mediums. The Entente consuls were without communication with their governments and their side of the case was not fully stated.

It was learned to-day that not more than fifty native born Americans are left in Soviet Russia.

The real break began July 29, when Premier Lenin declared in a Moscow speech:

"We are at war with the Anglo-French imperialists."

The Entente consuls asked Foreign Minister Tchitcherine if the Soviet government regarded itself at war with the Entente Allies. After considerable delay Tchitcherine replied:

"The Soviet government is not making war on the peoples of the Allied countries and does not recognize international law."

The French and British consuls and their staffs and many members of the military missions of the two countries were arrested August 6 with about 200 British and French civilians, including many women. The consuls and other officials were released August 7, but the citizens were held.

The Entente consuls immediately turned their affairs over to the representatives of neutral countries and asked for their passports.

Minister Tchitcherine then agreed to let the Entente officials and citizens depart if Maxim Litvinoff, the Bolshevik representative in London, was permitted to leave England. Later he refused flatly to permit the British and French to go.

Norman Armour, secretary in charge of the American Legation in Volodga, was arrested there and taken to Moscow under guard. Roger E. Simmons, a forester connected with the American Bureau of Forestry and carrying an American diplomatic passport, was arrested in Volodga and transferred to a Moscow prison, where he was held incommunicado two weeks before being released.

**Bolsheviki Desert
In Wild Stampede
After Siberian Rout**

(By The Associated Press)

VLADIVOSTOK, Sept. 5 (delayed).—A stampede of the Magyar and Bolshevik forces, subsequent to the desertion of a thousand Russians who were recruited at the point of the bay-

is related in dispatches received from Tikhmenev, on the West of the Ussuri River, thirty miles from Lake Khanka.

The battle of Kravetski, August 26, the Bolshevik army, estimated to number between 9,000 and 12,000 men, under command of Colonel Sakovitch, a former Russian imperial army officer, retreated across the Ussuri River in rowboats and in wagons and trains amid the greatest disorder. They were puzzled by the character of the attacking forces. The Magyar leaders sought to convince the Bolshevik troops that the enemy's forces were General Semenov's Cossacks disguised as Japanese, and they declared that all that was necessary was a strong show of resistance.

The Bolsheviks, however, had begun to distrust the Magyar leadership, and, shattering by the severe punishment they had received at the hands of the Japanese, they refused to rally. They also were short of ammunition and provisions.

The Bolshevik retreat soon became a race toward Khabarovsk, the capital of the Maritime Province, about 225 miles north of Tikhmenev. The effort made by German engineers to blow up the bridge over the Ussuri was foiled by the rise of a Russian engineer.

An Entente agent who visited Khabarovsk and who returned to Tikhmenev September 3 said that there were only 3,000 Magyar and Bolshevik troops at the former place. Most of the Red Guards who had been recruited, he said, had deserted and had gone to their homes or moved to Liagovitchensk, capital of the Amur Province, where there was evidence that the Bolsheviks from the Manchurian front were concentrating.

**Dispatches From Russia
Confirm News of Nearing
Downfall of Bolsheviks**

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The government is still without news from Robert H. B. Lockhart, British Consul-General in Moscow, and the other British subjects held prisoner in Russia, but indirect negotiations for their release are continuing.

The latest information in official quarters confirms the reports of the desperate situation in Russia, indicating the break up of the Bolshevik regime. Premier Lenin and War Minister Trotsky, it is declared, made all preparations a month ago to escape to Switzerland.

There is still no direct news of the fate of the former Empress and her family. The Swedish "Folkets Dagblad," says that Foreign Minister Tchitcherine has denied the reported murders.

**Poole Is Reported
Prisoner of "Reds"**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The United States government has asked Sweden and Norway to ascertain the truth of a report that American Consul General Poole has been placed under arrest in Moscow by the Bolshevik government. Secretary Lansing said to-day this request had been made of the two countries several days ago, but that no reply had yet been received.

The last word from Mr. Poole received by the State Department was in a dispatch filed at Moscow on August 26, the day before the American refugees left that city. Mr. Lansing said he attached no importance to the long silence of Mr. Poole or the delay in receiving a reply from Sweden and Norway, because it was difficult even for neutral countries to hold communication with their representatives in Russia.

**Leading German Spy
Held in Switzerland**

PARIS, Sept. 14.—Herr Schrick, chief of the German espionage system in Switzerland, has been arrested at Berne, according to a dispatch to the "Petit Parisien." Documents giving details of a scheme to blow up a munitions factory in the Neuchâtel district were found in Schrick's possession.

Czechs Need Quick Aid From Japanese, Masaryk Declares

Recognition by Tokio Said to Mean Assistance to Combat Germans

To the Czecho-Slovak forces now co-operating with the Allies in Russia, two important things have happened, according to a cable received yesterday by Professor Thomas G. Masaryk, chairman of the Czecho-Slovak National Committee.

That Japan had formally recognized the new nation was the information brought by one cable. The other told that Germany was now sending troops to the Volga in an effort to stop the advance of the Czecho-Slovaks.

According to Professor Masaryk, these statements about counteract each other, for, while there is grave danger in the coming of the Germans, the recognition by Japan will bring in all probability the help which is needed to meet their attack.

"With two army divisions at the Volga, the Czecho-Slovaks could stand against the Germans," Professor Masaryk said. "At present our army is of sufficient size east of the Ural Mountains."

"But the forces west of the Urals need reinforcement badly, and Japan is the country which can furnish help at once. We need two divisions, and we need ammunition, supplies and arms for our troops now in action. And if there could be men to replace them it would be well, for our soldiers are very tired."

Professor Masaryk said that when he left Russia in March there were 64,000 armed troops under the banner of Bohemia and 50,000 unarmed men.

Concerning the recognition of his country by the United States he said: "I feel very happy that the United States government has recognized us. I am very happy that public opinion has accepted our national cause with such generous sympathy."

The cause of the small nations, which Professor Masaryk represents, will be voiced further this afternoon in Carnegie Hall at 3 p. m., under the auspices of the Four Minute Men, the Y. W. C. A., the Y. M. C. A. and the War Savings Stamp Committee.

Ignace Paderewski will represent the Poles, Professor Masaryk the Bohemians, Lieutenant Stoica, president of the Rumanian National League, the Rumanians, and Professor Kinkovitch the Jugo-Slavs.

**'Plane Workers Celebrate
Wright-Martin Must Make
9,000 Motors Before Summer**

More than 5,000 men and women employed by the Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation held a patriotic meeting yesterday at the Long Island City plant, in which they work. Singing, band music and speeches made up the programme.

George Houston, president of the company, announced that it had furnished 3,000 motor for the government and to meet the government needs must turn out 9,000 more before the summer of 1919. Meeting this demand would draw to the utmost upon the loyalty and endurance of every worker, he said.

Captain A. P. Simmons, U. S. A., declared that the work on this side of the Atlantic was no less important than that on the other, and the same spirit must animate industry that impels the soldier.

Other speakers were Sergeant Edward Doyle, of the first Canadian Canadian, and Representative Charles Pope Caldwell.

U. S. Army Nurses Ordered to Siberia

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—A number of army nurses have been ordered to Siberia. It became known to-day. It was not disclosed whether they are to be employed exclusively with the American forces or for the relief of the population and to assist in the distribution of American relief supplies to the Russian people.

McCormack Home for K.C.

**Tenor's Wife Gives London
Dwelling for War Work**

Mrs. John McCormack, wife of the Irish tenor, has presented Alton House, the McCormack residence in London, to the Knights of Columbus, to be used as a social centre for men in the United States army and navy during the war. With her sister, Miss Josephine Foley, Mrs. McCormack expects to go to London shortly to turn over the house to the officials of the organization. Miss Foley is to remain in London and act as hostess.

In expressing to the Knights of Columbus her appreciation of the fact that they had seen fit to accept her gift Mrs. McCormack declared she thought it especially appropriate that inasmuch as the house had been purchased with the American dollars her husband had earned in this country, it should be used by American men as long as they had need for it.

Lloyd George Improves

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Premier Lloyd George, who suffered a chill, accompanied by high temperature, after his speech in Manchester on September 12, when he received the flu, is progressing satisfactorily, according to an announcement made this afternoon.

There has been a favorable fall in the Premier's temperature.

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Specials for MONDAY and TUESDAY

An Important Special Sale of WOMEN'S FALL COATS

These coats are remarkable for their particularly fine tailoring, linings of fine quality peau de cygne throughout, heavy interlining, self bound buttonholes and other tokens of exceptional quality.

38.00 Coats made to
sell for 49.50

48.00 Coats made to
sell for 59.50

Women's Loopine Coats 38.00

Smart model, with large adjustable collar, in Bison, Prune, African Brown and Congo.

Fur Trimmed Velour Coats 48.00

Two models, shawl or adjustable collars of Nutria, in Bison, African Brown and Taupe.

Women's Velour Coats 38.00

Two models, featuring plaited backs, novelty belt, pocket and collar treatments in Taupe, African Brown, Bison and Delphine Blue.

Marcella or Velour Coats 48.00

Two models, slot seams back and front; adjustable collars, cable stitching. In Burgundy, Bison, Delphine Blue and African Brown.

Exceptional Values in a

Collection of About Two Hundred WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS

Taken from Regular Stock and Specially Priced

50.00

Strictly tailored and demi-tailleur types, for town or country wear. Equal in every small detail to the finest of custom tailoring, with characteristic narrow shoulders and close-fitting sleeves. In the favored shades of Velour, Silvertone, Duvet de Laine, Duo-Tone Oxfords and Trico-Velour.

Sale of Specially Priced

WOMEN'S FROCKS and GOWNS

Women's Frocks 49.50

Surplice bodice, tunic skirt of charmeuse, side panels deeply bordered with silk fringe, hemstitched white Georgette yoke and collar.

Straightline tunic frock of serge, done in chain stitch embroidery of criss-cross design, in self color or beige.

Strictly tailored straightline model of serge with high neck tucked chemisette of Georgette crepe.

Women's Gowns 59.50

Round neck model of satin with back and front tunic of Georgette bordered in fringe and elaborately embroidered in self color.

Satin gown with surplice bodice and pointed tunic with wide border of velvet. Batiste yoke and collar.

Georgette gown in plaited apron tunic style, done in gold thread and self embroidery, fringe bottom.

Surplice tricolette gown with hemstitched Georgette yoke, collar and cuffs.

Specially Arranged Value in

MISSES' FROCKS and GOWNS

of Imperial Velour, Tricoline, Satin, Velveteen & Serge

59.50

This special collection features shadow checked velveteen in tunic style, with chemisette of lace; straightline, round-neck Lanvin model of velour or velveteen; Jacquette frock of serge combined with plaited Georgette; tailleur spiral tunic frock of satin; velour frock combined with heavy crocheted lace dyed to match the velour; simple round-neck satin frock with hand fagoting; satin gown with allover embroidered Georgette tunic; straightline velour frock, square neck, with collars and cuffs of tucked net; satin tunic gown with flat braid embroidery.

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The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

The Special Representatives of this Shop, now returned, were among the very few Americans present at the Official Fashion Openings in Paris. The result of their selections from and collaborations with the foremost Couturiers and Modistes will be placed on view beginning Tomorrow, Monday, September the Fifteenth.

"C'est la Guerre!"

Has inspired Paris to out-Paris herself. The great fighting spirit of noble France, tempered by her high national aspirations and ideals, has fired her to evolve fashion creations that are the apotheosis of her Fine Art in Women's Dress.

Paris Frocks & Gowns

Introducing New Silhouettes, Fabrics, Colorings and Treatments in Trotteur, Daytime, All-Day Frocks, Hostess and Dinner Gowns, in original models by Premet, Drecoll, Cheruit, Douillet, Lanvin, Rolande and Miler Soeurs.

The balance of the Cheruit and the Callot Soeurs models will arrive on a later steamer.

Paris Millinery

The ensemble includes many of the more closely-guarded style creations of the French milliners, to be shown for the first time, beginning Tomorrow, in America.

Original model hats by Reboux, Talbot, Alex, Guy, Georgette, Lewis, Harnar, Louison, Varon, Marguerite et Leonie, Germaine, Paulette and other notable Paris milliners.

Ostrich is particularly featured in novel treatments, glycerin fringes, pom-poms, wings, plumes, uncurled effects, entire crowns of tiny ostrich tips and whole hats done in ostrich feathers.

Quilled Velvet and "Cote de Mailles"

Tams, Turbans, Toques, Elongated Brims, Cloches, Large Canotiers, Draped Types, Veiled and Priory Hats.

Hats of Shaggy Materials, Camel's Hair and Angora

Hatter's Plush and Long Nap Beaver Hats

Plain and Panne Velvet

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FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

THE ANNUAL SEPTEMBER FUR SALE

Features not only the most remarkable values but also the most magnificent and diversified collection of distinguished types in furs that are the established vogue for the coming Winter season. Modes that are distinctively Bonwit Teller & Co. in quality and originality of design.

A THIRD AND MORE BELOW REGULAR SEASON PRICE

Natural Muskrat & Leopard Cat Coats 110.00
30-inch long model, girdle and large collar and cuffs of Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) or Nutria.

Hudson Seal & Nutria Coats 145.00
Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat), also Taupe or Natural Nutria, 30-inch long models, shawl collar and belt.

Hudson Seal Coats 195.00
(Dyed muskrat), 45-inch long, full, loose model.

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats 245.00
Natural Skunk collar and cuffs, 45-inch long model.

Taupe Nutria Coats 175.00
Various types in cape effects and flare models.

Hudson Seal Model Coats 295.00
40 and 45-inch long models (dyed muskrat), in various styles.

The Vogue of SQUIRREL

Is emphasized in a most generous assemblage of unusual styles in short coats, long coats, capes and wraps—featured in the smart TAUPE shades or the NATURAL PURE BLUE of selected pelts.

Taupe Squirrel Coats 275.00
30-inch long model, mitered border.

Natural Squirrel Coats 295.00
30-inch long model, flare sleeves, loosely girdled, large shawl collar.

Mandarin Butterfly Natural Squirrel Coats . . . 350.00
Pure Blue skins—convertible into cape.

Taupe Squirrel Wraps 350.00
45-inch long, full model.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

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FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Featuring Eight Exclusive Styles
with long-line slenderized Vamps
and the Finesse of Custom Work in

"BONTELL" FOOTWEAR

FOR WOMEN and MISSES

12.00

Included in the collection are dress boots, high cut laced model, in patent leather, black glaze kid or brown kid with brown suede tops, light welted soles, covered Louis XVI heels.

Walking boots in all brown or black Russia calfskin, patent or dull leather, with gray buckskin tops or dark tan Russia calf, with fawn buckskin tops.

Georgette Crepe Blouses

Regularly 16.50

9.75

Two models in white, flesh pink and beige. One model a panel front, button at side, tucking and hemstitching. Slip-over blouse in fine cluster tucks back and front, real fillet lace edge on collar and cuffs.

Crepe de Chine Nightgowns

Formerly 5.00 and 8.00

3.95 and 5.95

Heavy crepe de chine, Empire, sleeveless models.

An Unusual Sale of "Waterfall" Velvet House Coats

29.50

Attractive shadings—silk lined.